# **Environmental Protection Agency**

Chemical name	CAS No.*
Isobutanol Isobutylene Isobutylene Isodecyl alcohol Isooctyl alcohol Isopentane Isophthalic acid Isoprene Isopropanol Ketene Linear alcohols, ethoxylated, and sulfated, so-	78-83-1 115-11-7 78-84-2 25339-17-7 26952-21-6 78-78-4 121-91-5 78-79-5 67-63-0 463-51-4
dium salt, mixed. Linear alcohols, sulfated, sodium salt, mixed. Linear alkylbenzene Magnesium acetate Maleic anhydride Melamine Mesityl oxide Methacrylonitrile Methanol Methylamine ar-Methylbenzenediamine Methyl chloride Methyl chloride Methyl isobutyl ketone Methyl isobutyl ketone Methyl isobutyl ketone Methyl methacrylate	123–01–3 142–72–3 108–31–6 108–78–1 141–79–7 126–98–7 67–56–1 74–89–5 25376–45–8 74–87–3 75–09–2 78–93–3 74–88–4 108–10–1 80–62–6
2-Methylpentane 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone Methyl tert-butyl ether. Naphthalene Nitrobenzene 1-Nonene Nonyl alcohol Nonylphenol Nonylphenol, ethoxylated Octene Oil-soluble petroleum sulfonate, calcium salt. Oil-soluble petroleum sulfonate, sodium salt.	107–83–5 872–50–4 91–20–3 98–95–3 27215–95–8 143–08–8 25154–52–3 9016–45–9 25377–83–7
Pentaerythritol n-Pentane 3-Pentenenitrile Pentenes, mixed Perchloroethylene Phenol 1-Phenylethyl hydroperoxide Phenylpropane Phosgene Phthalic anhydride Propane Propionaldehyde	115-77-5 109-66-0 4635-87-4 109-67-1 127-18-4 108-95-2 3071-32-7 103-65-1 75-44-5 85-44-9 74-98-6
Propionic acid Propyl alcohol Propylene Propylene chlorohydrin Propylene glycol Propylene oxide Sodium cyanide Sorbitol Styrene Terephthalic acid 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetraethyl lead Tetra (methyl-ethyl) lead.	79-09-4 71-23-8 115-07-1 78-89-7 57-55-6 75-56-9 143-33-9 50-70-4 100-42-5 100-21-0 79-34-5 78-00-2 109-99-9
Tetramethyl lead	75–74–1 108–88–3 95–80–7 26471–62–5 75–25–2 71–55–6

Chemical name	CAS No.*
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79–00–5
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6
Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76-13-1
Triethanolamine	102-71-6
Triethylene glycol	112-27-6
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4
Vinylidene chloride	75-35-4
m-Xylene	108-38-3
o-Xylene	95-47-6
p-Xylene	106-42-3
Xylenes (mixed)	1330-20-7
m-Xylenol	576-26-1

\*CAS numbers refer to the Chemical Abstracts Registry numbers assigned to specific chemicals, isomers, or mixtures of chemicals. Some isomers or mixtures that are covered by the standards do not have CAS numbers assigned to them. The standards apply to all of the chemicals listed, whether CAS numbers have been assigned or not.

[55 FR 26942, June 29, 1990, as amended at 60 FR 58237, 58238, Nov. 27, 1995]

### § 60.668 Delegation of authority.

(a) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority to a State under §111(c) of the Act, the authorities contained in paragraph (b) of this section shall be retained by the Administrator and not transferred to a State.

(b) Authorities which will not be delegated to States:  $\S60.663(e)$ .

# Subpart OOO—Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants

Source: 74 FR 19309, Apr. 28, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

# § 60.670 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities in fixed or portable nonmetallic mineral processing plants: crusher, grinding mill, screening operation, bucket elevator, belt conveyor, bagging operation, storage bin, enclosed truck or railcar loading station. Also, crushers and grinding mills at hot mix asphalt facilities that reduce the size of nonmetallic minerals embedded in recycled asphalt pavement and subsequent affected facilities up to, but not including, the first storage silo or bin are subject to the provisions of this subpart.

## § 60.671

- (2) The provisions of this subpart do not apply to the following operations: All facilities located in underground mines; plants without crushers or grinding mills above ground; and wet material processing operations (as defined in §60.671).
- (b) An affected facility that is subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part or that follows in the plant process any facility subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part is not subject to the provisions of this subpart.
- (c) Facilities at the following plants are not subject to the provisions of this subpart:
- (1) Fixed sand and gravel plants and crushed stone plants with capacities, as defined in §60.671, of 23 megagrams per hour (25 tons per hour) or less;
- (2) Portable sand and gravel plants and crushed stone plants with capacities, as defined in §60.671, of 136 megagrams per hour (150 tons per hour) or less; and
- (3) Common clay plants and pumice plants with capacities, as defined in §60.671, of 9 megagrams per hour (10 tons per hour) or less.
- (d)(1) When an existing facility is replaced by a piece of equipment of equal or smaller size, as defined in §60.671, having the same function as the existing facility, and there is no increase in the amount of emissions, the new facility is exempt from the provisions of §§60.672, 60.674, and 60.675 except as provided for in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.
- (2) An owner or operator complying with paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall submit the information required in 60.676(a).
- (3) An owner or operator replacing all existing facilities in a production line with new facilities does not qualify for the exemption described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section and must comply with the provisions of §§ 60.672, 60.674 and 60.675.
- (e) An affected facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after August 31, 1983, is subject to the requirements of this part.
- (f) Table 1 of this subpart specifies the provisions of subpart A of this part

60 that do not apply to owners and operators of affected facilities subject to this subpart or that apply with certain exceptions.

### § 60.671 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart, but not specifically defined in this section, shall have the meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.

Bagging operation means the mechanical process by which bags are filled with nonmetallic minerals.

Belt conveyor means a conveying device that transports material from one location to another by means of an endless belt that is carried on a series of idlers and routed around a pulley at each end.

Bucket elevator means a conveying device of nonmetallic minerals consisting of a head and foot assembly which supports and drives an endless single or double strand chain or belt to which buckets are attached.

Building means any frame structure with a roof.

Capacity means the cumulative rated capacity of all initial crushers that are part of the plant.

Capture system means the equipment (including enclosures, hoods, ducts, fans, dampers, etc.) used to capture and transport particulate matter generated by one or more affected facilities to a control device.

Control device means the air pollution control equipment used to reduce particulate matter emissions released to the atmosphere from one or more affected facilities at a nonmetallic mineral processing plant.

Conveying system means a device for transporting materials from one piece of equipment or location to another location within a plant. Conveying systems include but are not limited to the following: Feeders, belt conveyors, bucket elevators and pneumatic systems.

Crush or Crushing means to reduce the size of nonmetallic mineral material by means of physical impaction of the crusher or grinding mill upon the material.

Crusher means a machine used to crush any nonmetallic minerals, and